

Caltrans – HMA Type C

High Stability
Intersection
Desert

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Presentation Overview

- Terms
- Specs
- Design
- Applications
- Resources

Terms

- HMA Type C – mix that has a higher Stability value than that of a conventional HMA
- High Stability – Modified compacted effort used to provide values to a rut resistant mix and measured by its stability value
- Modified tamps – initial compaction with CA Kneading Compactor... and additional “tamps” with same

Terms

- NMAS
 - Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size
- JMF – the “recipe”
 - Job Mix Formula – Mix Design
 - Aggregate gradation & binder content

100 100 90 72 65 48 36 22 15 9 4	<h2>Aggregate Size Definitions</h2> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>Nominal Maximum</i> Aggregate Size <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ one size larger than the first sieve to retain more than 10% ■ <i>Maximum</i> Aggregate Size <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ one size larger than nominal maximum size 	100 99 89 72 65 48 36 22 15 9 4
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Specs CTM 379 or 382

Nearly the same as a conventional HMA with the following changes

- Tighter tolerance on binder content
 - Type A & B = $\pm 0.45\%$
 - Type C = $\pm 0.40\%$

Specs CTM 304

- **Modified Compaction**
 - **Normal Compaction**
 - 150 tamps @ 230°F
 - **Modified Compaction**
 - 500 ADDITIONAL tamps @ 140°F

Specs CTM 366

- **Stabilometer Values – Type C**
 - Normal compaction = 37 Minimum S-Value
 - Modified compaction = 35 Minimum S-Value

Specs CTM 205

- **Crushed Particles**
 - **One Fractured Face (Fine Aggregate) $\geq 90\%$**
 - **Two Fractured Faces (Coarse Aggregate) $\geq 95\%$**

Specs CTM 375

- **Theoretical Maximum Density (TMD)**
 - **Percent of RICE determined by design air void percentage**
 - **4.0% air voids = 92-97% of TMD**
 - **5.0% air voids = 91-96% of TMD**

Specs LP-2

- Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) based on
 - Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size
 - Design air void content (4% or 5%)

Minimum VMA (%)

	<u>4.0%</u>	<u>5.0%</u>
■ 1/2-inch	14	15
■ 3/4-inch	13	14
■ 1-inch		
with NMA = 1-inch	12	13
with NMA = 3/4-inch	13	14

Specs LP-3

- Voids Filled with Asphalt (VFA) based on:
 - Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size
 - Design air void content (4% or 5%)
 - Voids filled with asphalt (%)

	<u>4.0%</u>	<u>5.0%</u>
■ 1/2-inch	65-75	60-70
■ 3/4-inch	65-75	60-70
■ 1-inch	65-75	60-70

Specs LP-4

- **Dust Proportion - same for both 4% and 5% air void content designs:**

4.0%
0.6 - 1.3

5.0%
0.6 - 1.3

Design Considerations

- **Air Void Content for Binder Selection**
- **Binder**
- **Aggregate Size**
- **Crushed Particles**

Binder

- Usually “harder” liquid binders are used
- Grade “bump” up
- Bay Area - PG 70-10
- Typically higher stability values with harder binder

Aggregate

- Size and Gradation
 - Usually based on traffic level & aesthetics
 - 3 Type C mixes to choose from
 - 1-inch
 - $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch
 - Crushed Particles
 - 90% fine fraction can be hard to meet in certain regions
 - Fine Aggregate Angularity (FAA – AASHTO T-304) not required for mixes with <10% natural sand, so theoretically this should not be problematic

Air Void Content & VMA

- Can be difficult to meet
- RAP influence on gradation & VMA
- Wide aggregate gradation band specs provide flexibility

HMA Comparison

$\frac{3}{4}$ -inch	Type A & B	Type C
1-inch	100	100
$\frac{3}{4}$ -inch	90-100	90-95
$\frac{1}{2}$ -inch	70-90	60-75
No. 4	45-55	35-52
No. 8	32-40	22-36
No. 30	12-21	8-18
No. 200	2-7	3-7

HMA Comparison

1/2-inch	Type A & B	Type C
3/4-inch	100	100
1/2-inch	95-99	90-98
3/8-inch	75-95	64-86
No. 4	55-66	42-57
No. 8	38-49	29-39
No. 30	15-27	13-19
No. 200	2-8	3-7

Stability

- S-Value tested twice on specimens
 - 3 specimens @ 150 tamps
 - 3 specimens @ 500 tamps
 - Same specimens have been used since maximum pressure placed on specimens during stability test is 6,000 lb
 - Maximum pressure used for “leveling load” is 12,600 lb; [stability test (max 6,000 lb) should not affect specimen for high stability test]
 - If high stability test fails, prepare two separate sets of specimens (similar to the bulk specific gravity/stability language in CTM 308)

Application

- Intersections
- Bus Stops
- Toll Facilities
- Haul Roads
- Landfills
- Airports
- High Traffic Roadways
- Ticket Booths
 - ✓ Ready-Mix Plants
 - ✓ HMA Plants
 - ✓ Quarries
 - ✓ Recycle Yards

Slow moving or Standing Loads

Examples

- Landfills - Newby Island, Warm Springs
- Airports
 - SFO (San Francisco)
 - SMF (Sac)
- Caltrans I-80 (West El Camino off-ramp)
- Local Agencies
 - Sac County & City
 - Roseville
 - Elk Grove
 - West Sac

New Construction
Remove & Replace
Overlay

Resources



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HIGH-PERFORMANCE INTERSECTIONS

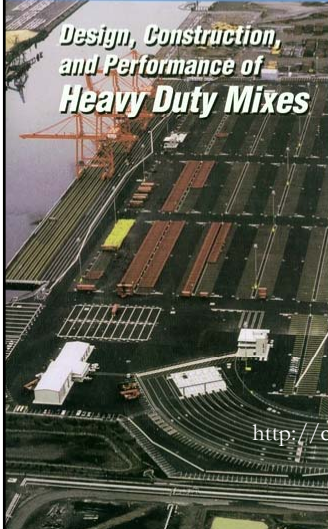
Asphalt Pavement Alliance
www.asphaltroads.org

The image is a composite graphic. It features a central aerial photograph of a city street intersection with asphalt pavement. The photo is framed by a dark blue border. In the top right corner of the photo, there is a small blue box with the text 'Asphalt.' and the slogan 'AMERICA RIDES ON US' to its left. Overlaid on the center of the photo is the text 'HIGH-PERFORMANCE INTERSECTIONS' in large, white, bold, sans-serif capital letters. At the bottom left of the photo, there is a grey rectangular box containing the text 'Asphalt Pavement Alliance' and the website address 'www.asphaltroads.org'.


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QUESTIONS?